

INDICATIONS

Prevention of Cardiovascular Events: In adults with established cardiovascular disease, Repatha® is indicated to reduce the risk of myocardial infarction, stroke, and coronary revascularization.

Primary Hyperlipidemia (including Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia): Repatha® is indicated as an adjunct to diet, alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe), for the treatment of adults with primary hyperlipidemia to reduce low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C).

Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia: Repatha® is indicated as an adjunct to diet and other LDL-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe, LDL apheresis) for the treatment of patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) who require additional lowering of LDL-C.

The safety and effectiveness of Repatha® have not been established in pediatric patients with HoFH who are younger than 13 years old or in pediatric patients with primary hyperlipidemia or HeFH.

SELECT PRODUCT INFORMATION



NDC: 72511-0760-02 (New NDC lower priced option for SureClick® autoinjector)

Description: 140 mg/mL single-use prefilled SureClick® autoinjector

Quantity: Two pack

Wholesale Acquisition Cost (WAC): \$450 | **Annual Cost:** \$5,850

NDC: 55513-0760-02

Description: 140 mg/mL single-use prefilled SureClick® autoinjector

Quantity: Two pack

WAC: \$1,117.16 | **Annual Cost:** \$14,523



NDC: 72511-0770-01 (New NDC lower priced option for Pushtronex® system)

Description: 420 mg/3.5mL single-use Pushtronex® system (on-body infusor with prefilled cartridge)

Quantity: One Pack

Wholesale Acquisition Cost (WAC): \$487.50 | **Annual Cost:** \$5,850

NDC: 55513-0770-01

Description: 420 mg/3.5 mL single-use Pushtronex® system (on-body infusor with prefilled cartridge)

Quantity: One pack

WAC: \$1,210.25 | **Annual Cost:** \$14,523



STORAGE AND HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

Repatha® is a sterile, clear to opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution for subcutaneous administration supplied in a single-use pre-filled syringe, a single-use prefilled SureClick® autoinjector, or a single-use Pushtronex® system (on-body infusor with prefilled cartridge). Each single-use prefilled syringe or single-use prefilled SureClick® autoinjector of Repatha® is designed to deliver 1 mL of 140 mg/mL solution. Each single-use Pushtronex® system is designed to deliver 420 mg Repatha® in 3.5 mL solution.

- 140 mg/mL single-use prefilled syringe 1 pack NDC 72511-0750-01 and NDC 55513-0750-01
- 140 mg/mL single-use prefilled SureClick® autoinjector 2 pack NDC 72511-0760-02 and NDC 55513-0760-02
- 420 mg/3.5 mL single-use Pushtronex® system (on-body infusor with prefilled cartridge) 1 pack NDC 72511-0770-01 and NDC 55513-0770-01

Store refrigerated at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) in the original carton to protect from light. Do not freeze. Do not shake.

Alternatively, for patients/caregivers, Repatha® can be kept at room temperature at 68°F to 77°F (20°C to 25°C) in the original carton; however, under these conditions, Repatha® must be used within 30 days. If not used within the 30 days, discard Repatha®.

Protect Repatha® from direct light and do not expose to temperatures above 25°C (77°F).

PRODUCT EXPIRATION The expiration date is printed on each carton.

Please see Important Safety Information on last page.

PRODUCT RETURNS

For information and instructions regarding product returns, please contact your wholesaler or Amgen Trade Operations at 1-800-28-Amgen (1-800-282-6436). Credit for returns is subject to Amgen's current Returned Goods Policy.

PRODUCT INFORMATION Medical Information: 1-800-77-AMGEN (1-800-772-6436)

COVERAGE INFORMATION 1-844-REPATHA (1-844-737-2842)

SUPPLIED AND MARKETED BY

Amgen USA Inc. • Phone 1-800-28-AMGEN (1-800-282-6436) • Fax 1-800-29-AMGEN (1-800-292-6436)
www.amgen.com www.repathahcp.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- **Contraindication:** Repatha[®] is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to Repatha[®]. Serious hypersensitivity reactions including angioedema have occurred in patients treated with Repatha[®].
- **Allergic Reactions:** Hypersensitivity reactions (e.g. angioedema, rash, urticaria) have been reported in patients treated with Repatha[®], including some that led to discontinuation of therapy. If signs or symptoms of serious allergic reactions occur, discontinue treatment with Repatha[®], treat according to the standard of care, and monitor until signs and symptoms resolve.
- **Adverse Reactions in Primary Hyperlipidemia (including HeFH):** The most common adverse reactions (>5% of patients treated with Repatha[®] and occurring more frequently than placebo) were: nasopharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, influenza, back pain, and injection site reactions.

From a pool of the 52-week trial and seven 12-week trials: Local injection site reactions occurred in 3.2% and 3.0% of Repatha[®]-treated and placebo-treated patients, respectively. The most common injection site reactions were erythema, pain, and bruising.

Allergic reactions occurred in 5.1% and 4.7% of Repatha[®]-treated and placebo-treated patients, respectively. The most common allergic reactions were rash (1.0% versus 0.5% for Repatha[®] and placebo, respectively), eczema (0.4% versus 0.2%), erythema (0.4% versus 0.2%), and urticaria (0.4% versus 0.1%).

- **Adverse Reactions in the Cardiovascular Outcomes Trial:** The most common adverse reactions (>5% of patients treated with Repatha[®] and occurring more frequently than placebo) were: diabetes mellitus (8.8% Repatha[®], 8.2% placebo), nasopharyngitis (7.8% Repatha[®], 7.4% placebo), and upper respiratory tract infection (5.1% Repatha[®], 4.8% placebo).

Among the 16,676 patients without diabetes mellitus at baseline, the incidence of new-onset diabetes mellitus during the trial was 8.1% in patients assigned to Repatha[®] compared with 7.7% in those assigned to placebo.

- **Adverse Reactions in Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH):** The adverse reactions that occurred in at least two patients treated with Repatha[®] and more frequently than placebo were: upper respiratory tract infection, influenza, gastroenteritis, and nasopharyngitis.
- **Immunogenicity:** Repatha[®] is a human monoclonal antibody. As with all therapeutic proteins, there is potential for immunogenicity with Repatha[®].

[Click here to see Full Prescribing Information.](#)